

# SAFETY DATA SHEETS

**This SDS packet was issued with item:**

075349881

N/A

# Material Safety Data Sheet

# STRIP IT

## Section 1 – Identification

**Product Name:** STRIP-IT

**Manufacturer:** KEYSTONE INDUSTRIES

616 Hollywood Ave. Cherry Hill, NJ 08002

**Chemical Name:** N/A

**Emergency Phone Numbers:** ( 800 ) 535 - 5053

**Family:** Acid

**Information Contacts:** (856)-663-4700

**Product Use:** STRIPPING ACID

**Product #:** 1655900, 2089400

## Section 2 - Hazards Identification

### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This information is based on findings from related or similar materials.

- **Corrosive Liquid!**
- Will cause skin burns, which may not be immediately apparent.
- Direct contact will cause burns and delayed damage.

### Potential Health Effects, Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

**Primary Route of Entry** Inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, eye contact.

**Skin** Direct contact will cause burns and delayed damage unless treated immediately. Vapor is irritating.

**Eyes** Direct contact will cause corneal burns, irritation and conjunctivitis which may not be immediately apparent. Severe or permanent injury or blindness may result.

**Ingestion** Can cause irritation and corrosive burns to the mouth, throat and stomach. Can be fatal if not treated promptly.

**Inhalation** Can cause irritation or corrosive burns to the upper respiratory system.

**Sub-Chronic Effects** May cause headaches, nausea, vomiting and narcotic effect if over-exposed.

NOTE: Refer to Section 11, Toxicological Information for Details

## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Identity	CAS Numbers	EINECS#	INCI Name	Exposure	Limits	Carcinogen	%
				OSHA TWA/STEL	ACGIH TWA/STEL		
Hydrofluoric Acid	7664-39-3	231-634-8	N/R	N/R	N/R	Not Listed	5-10
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	231-639-5	N/R	1 mg/m3 TWA 15; mg/m3 IDLH	1 mg/m3; 3 mg/m3 STEL	Not Listed	0-1
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	N/R	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	90-95
N/E - None Established	N/DA - No Data Available						
N/R - Not Reviewed	N/A - Not Applicable						

**Hydrofluoric Acid:** Hazard Symbol: T+, C Risk Phrases: R26, R27, R28, R35 Safety Phrases: S26, S28, S36, S37, S39, S45

**Sulfuric Acid:** Hazard Symbol: T, C Risk Phrases: R23, R24, R25, R35, R36, R37, R38, R49 Safety Phrases: S23, S30, S36, S37, S39, S45

See Section 16 for Risk and Safety Phrase Key

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**First Aid for Eye** Treat contact immediately. Flush with cool water for 15 minutes while lifting upper and lower lids. Get immediate medical attention, preferably an ophthalmologist. Continue flushing for an additional 15 minutes if a physician is not immediately available.

**First Aid for Skin** Treat contact immediately. Wipe excess material off skin with a dry cloth. Remove any contaminated clothing and shoes and flush all affected areas with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while under a safety shower. Do not attempt to neutralize with chemical agents. Wash contaminated clothing and separately and thoroughly decontaminate shoes before re-use. Discard clothing and shoes which have been contaminated by substantial spillage of product. Immerse contacted part in ice-cold saturated magnesium sulfate solution or iced alcoholic or aqueous benzalkonium chloride solution. Get medical attention.

**First Aid for Inhalation** If affected, move to fresh air. If not breathing, use CPR or artificial respiration. Get immediate medical attention.

**First Aid for Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting. If patient is conscious and alert dilute by giving water and Milk of Magnesia to drink. If vomiting occurs, give fluids again. Get immediate medical attention.

## Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : Stripit Acid Substitute

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product code** : 1655900

**Product type** : Liquid.

**Product use** : Cleaning solutions.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Not applicable.

**Supplier's details** : Keystone Industries  
52 West King Street  
Myerstown, PA 17067  
(856) 663-4700

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : (800) 535-5053

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 2  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3  
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

**GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Fatal in contact with skin.  
Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled.  
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
May cause cancer.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields or chemical splash goggles.. Wear protective clothing: Recommended: chemical-resistant protective suit. Neoprene gloves. Rubber gloves.. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- Storage** : Store locked up.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

- CAS number** : Not applicable.

May contain one or more of the following components in quantities considered hazardous:

Ingredient name	CAS number	EC number	%
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	231-634-8	≤10
sulphuric acid	7664-93-9	231-639-5	<1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled.  
**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Fatal in contact with skin.  
**Ingestion** : Toxic if swallowed.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain  
 watering  
 redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 redness  
 blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
 halogenated compounds

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with sodium carbonate, sodium bicarbonate or sodium hydroxide. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
hydrofluoric acid	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b>  <b>Absorbed through skin.</b>            TWA: 0.5 ppm, (as F) 8 hours.            C: 2 ppm, (as F)</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b>            TWA: 3 ppm, (as F) 8 hours.            STEL: 6 ppm, (as F) 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b>            TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b>            TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours.            TWA: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.            CEIL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.            CEIL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b>            TWA: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as F) 8 hours.</p>
sulphuric acid	<p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b>            TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b>            TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b>            TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Thoracic fraction</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b>            TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields or chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: chemical-resistant protective suit. Neoprene gloves. Rubber gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)** :



## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Green. [Light]
- Odor** : Sharp. Acrid. [Slight]
- pH** : 1 to 2
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : 107.2°C (225°F)
- Flash point** : [Product does not sustain combustion.]
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: metals.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 0.04%
- Vapor pressure** : <0.67 kPa (<5 mm Hg) [room temperature]
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 1.084
- Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 300 to 400 mPa·s (300 to 400 cP)



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- Incompatible materials** : Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air.  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
alkalis
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrofluoric acid	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1276 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	60 minutes
sulphuric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	2140 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
hydrofluoric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Human	-	50 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	3 minutes 50 Percent	-
sulphuric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 5 milligrams	-

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
hydrofluoric acid	-	3	-
sulphuric acid	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

- Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Toxic if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. Fatal in contact with skin.
- Ingestion** : Toxic if swallowed.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	67 mg/kg
Dermal	67 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	7.37 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sulphuric acid	Acute LC50 42500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Pandalus montagui - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ ) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.







## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Hydrogen fluoride (C,T); Hydrofluoric acid (C,T)	7664-39-3	Listed	U134

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrofluoric acid, sulphuric acid)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrofluoric acid, sulphuric acid)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrofluoric acid, sulphuric acid)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrofluoric acid, sulphuric acid)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrofluoric acid, sulphuric acid)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrofluoric acid, sulphuric acid)
Transport hazard class(es)	8 	8 	8 	8 	8 	8 
Packing group	III	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	<b>Reportable quantity</b> 1333.3 lbs / 605.33 kg [147.52 gal / 558.43 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class	-	<b>Tunnel code</b> (E)	-	-

## Section 14. Transport information

	product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.  <b>Special provisions</b> IB3, T7, TP1, TP28	8).				
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**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**Commerce control list precursor:** Hydrofluoric acid  
**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are listed or exempted.  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** Hydrofluoric acid; sulphuric acid

**Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances:** Hydrofluoric acid

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
hydrofluoric acid	≤10	Yes.	100	10.4	100	10.4
sulphuric acid	<1	Yes.	1000	66.3	1000	66.3

**SARA 304 RQ** : 1333.3 lbs / 605.3 kg [147.5 gal / 558.4 L]

### SARA 311/312

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Classification** : Immediate (acute) health hazard  
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
hydrofluoric acid	≤10	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
sulphuric acid	<1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	≤10
<b>Supplier notification</b>	Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	≤10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: HYDROGEN FLUORIDE; HYDROFLUORIC ACID

**New York** : The following components are listed: Hydrofluoric acid; Fluoric acid; Sulfuric acid

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: HYDROGEN FLUORIDE; FLUORIC ACID; SULFURIC ACID; DIHYDROGEN SULFATE

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: HYDROFLUORIC ACID; SULFURIC ACID

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
sulphuric acid	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

### International regulations

**International lists** :

- Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.
- China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.
- Japan inventory (ENCS):** All components are listed or exempted.
- Japan inventory (ISHL):** Not determined.
- Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.
- Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register):** All components are listed or exempted.
- New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** All components are listed or exempted.
- Philippines inventory (PICCS):** All components are listed or exempted.
- Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI):** All components are listed or exempted.
- Turkey inventory:** Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	3
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		1
Personal protection		

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### History

Date of printing : 8/26/2016

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/26/2016

Date of previous issue : 12/22/2015

Version : 2

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

## Section 16. Other information

Information contained within this SDS is only to be distributed as required by law.